Description	Document No.	Date	Rev.
Polymer Lithium Ion CP3558120H	PS-PLIB-CP3558120H-E01	2013-12-05	1.0
Prepared by	Checked by	Approved by	
Technical Engineer	Technical Manager	General Engineer	



**Rechargeable Polymer Lithium Battery** 

# Model: CP3558120H

Received Marking
Customer's Name : C.B.E
Signature :
Company Stamp :

Prepared by	Checked by	Approved by
Yangchilei		David Zai

## SHENZHEN CERRO POWER COMPANY LTD

Add: Room 8H, Luhua Building, Guangxia Road, Futian District, Shenzhen, China 518109 <u>www.cerropower.com</u> Email: <u>sales@cerropower.com</u> ; cinda@126.com Tel: 86-135 1082 7543 ; 86-755-8311 9966 Fax: +86-755-8311 9980



				JUCT SPECIFICATION		
Description		Document No.	Date	Rev.		
Polymer Lithiur	n CP3558120H	PS-PLIB-CP3558120H-E01	2013-12-0	5 1.0		
Prepared by		Checked by	Approved by			
Technical Engi	Technical Engineer Technical Manager General Engineer					
		TT' 6 ' '				
		History of revision				
Revision	De	escription	Date	Approved by		
1.0	First issue		2013-12-05	RG		
			•			
L				1		

( <del>)</del>	
CERRO POWERSHENZHEN CERRO POWER COMPANY LTD	PRODU

Desc	ription	Document No.	Date	Rev.
Poly	/mer Lithium CP3558120H	PS-PLIB-CP3558120H-E01	2013-12-05	1.0
Prepa	ared by	Checked by	Approved by	I
Tec	hnical Engineer	Technical Manager	General Enginee	er
		Contents		
		Contents		
1	Scope			
2	Product and Model			
	2.1 Product			
	2.2 Model			4
3	Ratings			4
4	Outline Dimensions and Appearance			4
	4.1 Outline Dimensions			4
	4.2 Appearance			4
5	Performance			
	5.1 Standard Test Condition			5
	5.2 Measuring Instrument or Appa	iratus		5
	5.3 Standard Charge Definition			5
	5.4 Rest Period			
	5.5 Standard Discharge Definition			
	5.6 Initial Performance Test			5
	5.7 Electrical Performance			_
	5.8 Mechanical Performance			
	5.9 Safety Performance			
6	Dariad of Warmaster			
7				
8	Amendment of this Specification			
9				
Fig				
-		Prohibitions for EPT Polymer Lithiu		10



### OCERRO POWER COMPANY LTD

PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

	CLINIC I U		FRODUCT	JE LUI ICATIO
Description		Document No.	Date	Rev.
Polymer Lithium CP3558	3120H	PS-PLIB-CP3558120H-E01	2013-12-05	1.0
Prepared by		Checked by	Approved by	
Technical Engineer		Technical Manager	General Engine	eer
<b>1. Scope</b> This specification is appl	lied to Lithium Po	olymer Battery manufactured by CE	RRO POWER Co	)., Ltd.
2. Product and Model				
2.1 Product : Polymer	Lithium Battery			
2.2 Model : CP35581	20Н			
3. Ratings				
Item		Rating	No	te
2.1 Compaity	Nominal	2500mAh	Standard charge	, 0.5C
3.1 Capacity Ninimum   3.2 Nominal Voltage		2480mAh	discharge, 2.75V/cell cut off	
		3.7V	Average voltage discharge	at 0.5C
3.3 Standard Charge	Condition	1C(2500mA),4.2V(CC-CV),2.5h		
3.4 Maximum Charge	e Current	1C(2500mA)		
3.5 Maximum Charge	e Voltage	4.25V		
		1C(2500mA)	Continuous Cur	rent
3.6 Maximum Discha	arge Current	2C(5000mA)	Peak Current on	10 minutes.
		Peak current: 4.2C 10000mAh		
3.7 Discharge Cut-of	f Voltage	2.75V		
3.8 Voltage as of ship	oment	3.7~3.9V		
3.9 Cell Weight		Approx. 40g	cell	
3.10 Operating	Charge	0~45℃	90%RH Max.	
Temperature	Discharge	-20~60°C	90%RH Max.	
3.11 Storage	1 month	<b>-20∼45°</b> ℃	Recommended s	storage
Temperature	3 month	-20~35°C	temperature: 20	°C or less, at
remperature	1 year	-20~20℃	the shipment sta	to

#### 4. Outline Dimensions and Appearance

#### 4.1 Outline Dimensions

See attached drawing for CP3558120H

Thickness : Max. 3.5mm (Measured with weighting 300gf at  $23\pm2^{\circ}C$ )

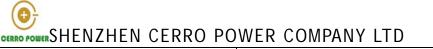
Width :  $58.5\pm0.5$ mm (measured with weighting 300gf at  $23\pm2$ °C)

Length : 120.5±0.5mm (without lead film)

This thickness will be swelling when high temperature storage or operation in high temperature.

#### 4.2 Appearance

There shall be no such defect as remarkable scratches, breaks, crack, discoloration, leakage, or deformation, which may adversely affect commercial value of the cell.



Description	Document No.	Date	Rev.
Polymer Lithium CP3558120H	PS-PLIB-CP3558120H-E01	2013-12-05	1.0
Prepared by	Checked by	Approved by	
Technical Engineer	Technical Manager	General Engineer	

#### 5. Performance

5.1 Standard Test Condition

Test should be conducted with new batteries within one month after shipment from our factory and the cells shall not be cycled more than five times before the test. Test condition shall be at  $23\pm2^{\circ}$ C and  $65\pm20^{\circ}$ RH as long as there is no doubt. The humidity can be any condition unless it affects the test results.

#### 5.2 Measuring Instrument or Apparatus

5.2.1 Dimension Measuring Instrument

The dimension measurement shall be implemented by instruments with equal or more precision scale of 0.01mm.

#### 5.2.2 Voltmeter

Standard class specified in the national standard or more sensitive class having inner impedance more than  $10 \text{ M}\Omega/V$ 

#### 5.2.3 Ammeter

Standard class specified in the national standard or more sensitive class. Total external resistance including ammeter and wire is less than  $0.01\Omega$ .

5.2.4 Impedance Meter

Impedance shall be measured by a sinusoidal alternating current method (1kHz LCR meter).

#### 5.3 Standard Charge Definition

Standard charge is defined by charging for 2.5hrs at 4.2V of constant voltage and 1.0C (2500mA) of constant current.

#### 5.4 Rest Period

Unless otherwise defined, 10min rest period after full charge, 10min rest period after discharge.

#### 5.5 Standard Discharge Definition

Standard Discharge is defined by discharging at 0.5C (1250mA) down to 2.75V.

Item	Test Condition	Criteria
Open-Circuit Voltage	The open-circuit voltage shall be measured within 24	4.15V or more
	hours after standard charge.	
	The Impedance shall be measured in an alternating	$60m\Omega$ or less
AC Impedance Resistance	current method (1kHz LCR meter) after standard	(bare cell)
	charge at 23±2℃.	
Initial Consoity	The capacity on 0.5C(1250mA)discharge to 2.75V	2500m Ab or more
Initial Capacity	shall be measured after standard charge at $23\pm2^{\circ}$ C.	2500mAh or more

#### 5.6 Initial Performance Test

# CERRO POWER COMPANY LTD

PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

Description	Document No.	Date	Rev.
Polymer Lithium CP3558120H	PS-PLIB-CP3558120H-E01	2013-12-05	1.0
Prepared by	Checked by	Approved by	
Technical Engineer	Technical Manager	General Engineer	

5.7 Electrical Performance

5.7.1 Discharge Rate Capabilities

Discharge Capacity is measured with the various currents in under table and 3.0V cut-off after rated charge.

Discharge Current	0.5C(1250mA)	1C(2500mA)
Discharge Capacity	100%	99%

Note: Percentage as an index of the rated discharge capacity (=2500mAh) is 100%.

5.7.2 Temperature Dependence of Capacity (Discharge)

Cells shall meet the discharge capacity requirements listed in the below table under respective discharge temperatures. The capacities are to be measured with constant discharge current 150mA(2.75V cut-off) after standard charge at  $23\pm2^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

Discharge Ten	nperature	-10°C	0°C	23℃	60°C
Dischar e Ca	pacity	60%	85%	100%	95%

Note: If charge temperature and discharge temperature are not the same, the interval for temperature change comes to 3 hours.

#### 5.7.3 Cycle Life

Cells shall be charged at constant current of 250mA to 4.2V with end current of 50mA. Cells shall be discharged at constant current of 1500mA to2.75V. Cells are to be rest 10minutes after charge and 10 minutes after discharge. A cycle is defined as one charge and one discharge. The capacity shall be measured after 300 cycles of charge and discharge at  $23\pm2$ °C.

Discharge capacity( $300^{\text{th}}$  cycle)  $\geq 80\%$ (of 3th cycle discharge capacity);  $400^{\text{th}}$  cycle)  $\geq 75\%$ ;  $500^{\text{th}}$  cycle)  $\geq 70\%$ 

5.7.4 Shelf Life

Item		Test Condition	Criteria
Storage	1	The capacity on 0.5C discharge shall be measured after standard charge and then storage at $23\pm2^{\circ}$ C for 28 days.	Remaining Capacity ≥85% Initial capacity
Characteristics1	2	After above measured Remaining capacity, the capacity on standard discharge shall be measured after standard charge.	Recovery capacity ≥90% Initial capacity
Storage	1	The capacity on 0.5C discharge shall be measured after standard charge and then storage at $60\pm2^{\circ}$ C for 7 days.	Remaining Capacity ≥60% Initial capacity
Characteristics2	2	After above measured Remaining capacity, the capacity on standard discharge shall be measured after standa d charge.	Recovery capacity ≥80% Initial capacity

5.7.5 High Temperature and High Humidity Test

After standard charge, cells shall be stored at 60 °C (95% RH) for 168 hours. After test, cells are discharged and cycled for 3 cycles to obtain recovered capacity. No leakage. Recovery capacity  $\geq$ 90% Initial capacity

# CERRO POWER COMPANY LTD PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

Description	Document No.	Date	Rev.	
Polymer Lithium CP3558120H	PS-PLIB-CP3558120H-E01	2013-12-05	1.0	
Prepared by	Checked by	Approved by		
Technical Engineer	Technical Manager	General Engineer		

5.7.6 Thermal Shock Test

 $65^{\circ}C(8Hrs) \leftarrow 3hrs \rightarrow -20^{\circ}C$  (8Hrs) for 8 cycles with full charged cells. After test, cells are discharged and cycled for 3 cycles to obtain recovered capacity.

No leakage. Recovery capacity ≥90% Initial capacity

#### 5.8 Mechanical Performance

Item	Test Condition	Criteria
Vibration Test	After standard charge, cells are to be tested as following conditions:Amplitude:0.8mmFrequency:10~55Hz(sweep:1Hz/min)Direction: X/Y/Z axis for 90~100min. The battery is to be tested in three mutually perpendicular to each axis.	No leakage, or remarkable defective appearance. Recovery Capacity ≥ 90% Initial capacity
Drop Test	Drop cells in the shipment condition (50% discharge)from 1.2m height onto 5cm or thicker concrete with p-tile on it 3 times each of X, Y, and Z directions at $23\pm2^{\circ}$ C.	No leakage. Recovery Capacity ≥ 90% Initial capacity

#### 5.9 Safety Performance

Item	Test Condition	Criteria
Overcharge Test	After standard discharge, cells are charged at constant current of 75mA and constant voltage of 9.0V while tapering the charge current. Charging is continued for 48 hours.	No explosion, no fire, no smoke.
Heating Test	Cells are to be heated in a gravity convection or circulating air oven. The temperature of the oven is to be raised at a rate of $5\pm2^{\circ}$ C/min to a temperature of $130\pm2^{\circ}$ C at which temperature the oven is to remain for 60 minutes before the test is discontinued.	No explosion, no fire, no smoke.
External	After standard charge, cells are to be short-circuited by	No explosion, no fire, no
Short-Circuit	connecting the positive and negative terminals of cells with	smoke.
Test	copper wire having a maximum resistance load of $0.1\Omega$ .	
Impact Test	After standard charge, cells are impacted with their longitudinal axis parallel to the flat surface and perpendicular to the longitudinal axis of the 15.8mm diameter bar.	No explosion, no fire, no smoke.
Nail Test	A nail (diameter: 2.5~5mm) is penetrated vertically through the center of a fully charged cell and left for 6 hours.	No explosion, no fire, no smoke.
Crush Test	After standard charge, cells are crushed with their longitudinal axis parallel to the flat surface of the crushing apparatus(Per UL1642)	No explosion, no fire, no smoke.



Description	Document No.	Date	Rev.
Polymer Lithium CP3558120H	PS-PLIB-CP3558120H-E01	2013-12-05	1.0
Prepared by	Checked by	Approved by	
Technical Engineer	Technical Manager	General Engineer	

#### 6. Period of Warranty

The period of warranty is one year from the date of shipment. CERRO POWER guarantees to give a replacement in case of cells with defects proven due to manufacturing process instead of the customer's abuse and misuse.

#### 7. Shipment

Cells shall be shipped in 50% state of charge.

#### 8. Amendment of this Specification

This specification is subject to change with prior notice.

#### 9. Others

Any matters that this specification doesn't cover should be conferred between the customer and CERRO POWER

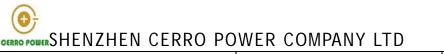
### **CERRO POWER SHENZHEN CERRO POWER COMPANY LTD** PRODUCT SPECIFICATION Document No. Rev. Description Date Polymer Lithium CP3558120H PS-PLIB-CP3558120H-E01 2013-12-05 1.0 Prepared by Checked by Approved by **Technical Engineer Technical Manager General Engineer** Fig.1 Dimensional Drawing of CP3558120H d d Ľ L2Т W Item Specification Т Max: 3.5mm(Cell) W 58.5±0.5mm L 120.5±0.5mm L2 1.5-1.0mm L3 10.0±1.0 mm W (Connector) 30.0±2.0mm D 3.0±0.1mm

α1

α2

 $90\pm5^{\circ}$ 

90±5°



Description	Document No.	Date	Rev.
Polymer Lithium CP3558120H	PS-PLIB-903450H-E01	2013-12-05	1.0
Prepared by	Checked by	Approved by	
Technical Engineer	Technical Manager	General Engineer	

#### APPENDIX

### Handling Precautions and Prohibitions for Polymer Lithium Ion Batteries

#### Preface

This document of "Handling Precautions and Prohibitions for Polymer Lithium Ion Batteries" shall be applied to the battery cells manufactured by SHENZHEN CERRO POWER COMPANY LTD.

#### Note (1):

The customer had better contact in advance, if and when the customer needs other applications or operating conditions than those described in this document. Additional experimentation may be necessary to verify performance and safety under such conditions.

#### Note (2):

will take no responsibility for any accident when the cell is used under other conditions than those described in this document.

#### Note (3):

will inform, in a written form, improvements from practical view of proper using and handling of the cell to customer, if it is deemed necessary.

#### 1. Charging

1.1 Charging current

Charging current should be less than maximum charge current specified in this Product Specification. Charging with higher current than recommended value may cause damage to cell electrical, mechanical, and safety performance badly and could lead to heat generation or leakage.

1.2 Charging voltage

Charging shall be done by voltage less than that specified in the Product Specification (4.2V/cell). Charging beyond 4.25V, which is the absolute maximum voltage, must be strictly prohibited. The charger shall be designed to comply with this condition.

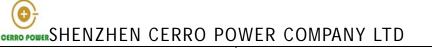
It is very dangerous that charging with higher voltage than specified value may cause damage to the cell electrical, mechanical safety performance and could lead to heat generation or leakage.

1.3 Charging temperature

The cell shall be charged within the specified temperature range in the Product Specification.

1.4 Prohibition of reverse charging

Reverse charging is prohibited. The cell shall be connected correctly. The polarity has to be confirmed before wiring. In case of the cell is connected improperly, the cell cannot be charged. Simultaneously, the reverse charging may cause damaging to the cell which may lead to degradation of cell performance and damage the cell safety, and could cause heat generation or leakage.



Description	Document No.	Date	Rev.
Polymer Lithium CP3558120H	PS-PLIB-CP3558120H-E01	2013-12-05	1.0
Prepared by	Checked by	Approved by	
Technical Engineer	Technical Manager	General Engineer	
	•	•	

#### 2. Discharging

2.1 Discharging current

The cell shall be discharged at less than the maximum discharge current specified in the Product Specification. High discharging current may reduce the discharging capacity significantly or cause over-heat.

2.2 Discharging temperature

The cell shall be discharged within the temperature range specified in the Product Specification.

2.3 Over-discharging

It should be noted that the cell would be at an over-discharged state by its self-discharge characteristics in case the cell is not used for long time. In order to prevent over-discharging, the cell shall be charged periodically to maintain between 3.7V and 3.9V. Over-discharging may causes loss of cell performance, characteristics, or battery functions.

The charger shall be equipped with a device to prevent further discharging exceeding a cut-off voyage specified in the Product Specification. Also the charger shall be equipped with a device to control the recharging procedures as follows:

The cell battery pack shall start with a low current (0.01C) for 15 - 30 minutes, i.e. pre-charging, before rapid charging starts. The rapid charging shall be started after the individual cell voltage has been reached above 3V within 15 - 30 minutes that can be determined with the use of an appropriate timer for pre-charging. In case the individual cell voltage does not rise to 3V within the pre-charging time, then the charger shall have functions to stop further charging and display the cell/pack is at abnormal state.

#### 3. Protection Circuit Module (PCM)

The cell/battery pack shall be with a PCM that can protect cell/battery pack properly. PCM shall have functions of (1) overcharging prevention, (2) over-discharging prevention, and (3) over current prevention to maintain safety and prevent significant deterioration of cell performance. The over current can occur by external short circuit at any rate.

3.1 Overcharging prohibition

Overcharging prevention function shall work if any one of the cells of the battery pack reaches to the PCM overcharge protection voltage above which the charging shall be stopped.

3.2 Over-discharge prohibition

Over-discharging prevention function shall work to minimize a dissipation current to avoid further drop under the PCM over-discharge protection voltage in any cell of the battery pack. It is recommended that the dissipation current of PCM shall be designed to be minimized such as  $0.5 \,\mu$  A or less after the over-discharge prevention function works.

The protection function shall keep each bank of the battery pack and control the current all time.

#### 4. Storage

The cell should be stored within the proper voltage and temperature range specified in the Product Specification.



## 

CERRO POWERSHENZHEN CERRO PO		PRODUCT S	PECIFICATION		
Description	Document No.	Date	Rev.		
Polymer Lithium Ion CP3558120H	PS-PLIB-CP3558120H-E01	2013-12-05	1.0		
Prepared by	Checked by	Approved by			
Technical Engineer	Technical Manager	General Enginee	r		
5. Handling of Bare Cells					
5.1 Consideration of strength of film pac	kage				
(1) Aluminum Laminate foil					
Easily damaged by sharp edge parts	such as Ni-tabs, pins and needles, cor	nparing with metal	can case LIB.		
(2) Film sealed parts					
May be damaged by heat above appr	oximately 100°C (Seal break may ca	use electrolyte leak	age).		
Don't bend or fold sealing edge.					
(3)Folding edge					
Don't open or deform folding edge.					
5.2 Short-circuit prohibition					
Don't make the cell short-circuit. It r			cause heating of		
the cells, which may cause electrolyt	e leakage, gassing, explosion which a	are very dangerous.			
The tabs may be easily short-circuite		ace. An appropriate	circuitry with		
PCM shall be applied to protect accid	dental short-circuit of battery pack.				
5.3 Mechanical Shock		i i			
EPT cells have less endurance than n	netal can case LIB. Falling, hitting, b	ending etc., may cau	use cells		
performance degradation.					
5.4 Handling of Tabs					
	cially for Aluminum tab as positive te				
negative terminal. Don't put much fo	orce on tabs. Aluminum tab may easil	y be torn off by she	ar force. Don't		
bend tab many times.					
6. Notice for Designing Battery Pack					
6.1 Battery pack should have sufficient s	trength and cell should be protected f	from mechanical sho	ock. No sharp		
edge components should be inside th	e pack containing the battery.				
6.2 Cell Fixing					
The cell should be fixed in the battery pack to be able to contact with together tightly. No cell movement in					
the battery pack should be allowed.					
6.3 Tab Connection					
Ultrasonic welding or spot welding is recommended to connect cell with PCM or other components.					
6.4 For Unexpected Accidents or Incidents					
Battery pack should be designed not	to generate heat even when leakage c	occurred by accident	-		
Isolate PCM from leaked electrolyte	as perfectly as possible.				
Avoid narrow distance between bare	circuit patterns with different voltage	e. (Including connec	tor area)		
If leaked electrolyte has soaked into	bare circuit patterns may cause short	circuit or damage. T	The design of		
PCM must be considered for safety in	n such case.				
7. Notice for Assembling Battery Pack					
Shocks, high temperature, or contacts o	f sharp edge components should be n	ot allowed in batter	v pack		
assembling process.	- sharp eage components should be h				

## CERRO POWER SHENZHEN CERRO POWER COMPANY LTD

#### PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

Description	Document No.	Date	Rev.
Polymer Lithium Ion CP3558120H	PS-PLIB-CP3558120H-E01	2013-12-05	1.0
Prepared by	Checked by	Approved by	
Technical Engineer	Technical Manager	General Engineer	

In case that the battery pack is fixed by ultrasonic welding, it is necessary to consider not to apply too much ultrasonic welding power to cell and electronic circuits such as PCM.

Otherwise it may cause serious damage to the cells and electronic circuit.

#### 8. Others

- 8.1 Cell Connection
  - 1) Direct soldering of wire leads or parts to the cells is strictly prohibited.
  - 2) Lead tabs with pre-soldered wiring shall be spot welded to the cells.

Direct soldering may cause damage of components, such as separator or insulator, and punch by heat generation.

8.2 Prevention of Short Circuit within a Battery Pack

Enough insulation layers between wiring and the cells shall be used to maintain extra safety protection. The battery pack shall be structured with no short circuit within the battery pack, which may cause generation of smoke or firing.

- 8.3 Prohibition of Disassembly
  - 1) Never disassemble the cells

The disassembling may generate internal short circuit in the cell, which may cause gassing, fining, explosion, or other problems.

2) Electrolyte is Harmful

The leaked electrolyte is a sort of harmful materials to the human body. In case the electrolyte is contacted with the skin, eyes or others, the electrolyte shall be flushed immediately with fresh water and seek medical advice by physicians.

8.4 Prohibition of Dumping of Cells into Fire

Never incinerate nor dispose the cells in fire. These may cause explosion of the cells, which is very dangerous and is prohibited.

8.5 Prohibition of Cells immersion into liquid such as water

The cells shall never be soaked with liquids such as water, seawater, drinks such as soft drinks, juices, coffee or others.

8.6 Battery Cells Replacement

The battery replacement shall be done only by either cells supplier or device supplier and never be done by the user.

8.7 Prohibition of Use of damaged Cells

The cells would be able to get any damage during shipping by any shocks. If any abnormal features of the cells are found such as damages in a plastic envelop of the cell, deformation of the cell package, smelling of an electrolyte, an electrolyte leakage and others, the cells shall never be used any more.

The cells with a smell of the electrolyte or a leakage shall be placed away from fire to avoid firing or explosion.